

Data Sheet

MALONDIALDEHYDE (MDA)

ANTIBODY, MONOCLONAL

Catalog no.: AA1011.1

Malondialdehyde (MDA)-modified KLH Immunogen:

Host: Mouse 1F83

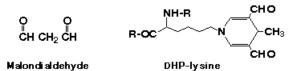
Clone no.:

Isotype: IgG_{2a lambda}

Matrix: Protein A purified, 10 mM PBS, 0.1% NaN₃, 0.5%

Specificity: MDA-modified proteins, especially dihydropyridine (DHP)-lysine type

derivative



Contents: 30 μg (frozen; 100 μg/ml)

Known applications: Western Blot (2 µg/ml)¹, immunohistochemistry

(paraffin sections, 0.5-1.0 μg/ml; cryosections)¹,

immunofluorescence²

This antibody has not been tested for use in all applications. This does not necessarily exclude its use in non-tested procedures. The stated dilutions are recommendations only. End users should determine optimal dilutions in their system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

- 20 °C Store at:

Repeated thawing and freezing must be avoided

References: 1. Yamada S, Kumazawa S, Ishii T, Nakayama T, Itakura K, Shibata N,

Kobayashi M, Sakai K, Osawa T, Uchida K (2001). Immunochemical detection of a lipofuscin-like fluorophore derived from malondialdehyde and lysine. J

Lipid Res 42(8): 1187-1196.

2. Muratori, Monica, Lara Tamburrino, Sara Marchiani, Marta Cambi, Biagio Olivito, Chiara Azzari, Gianni Forti, and Elisabetta Baldi. (2015). Investigation on the Origin of Sperm DNA Fragmentation: Role of Apoptosis, Immaturity and Oxidative Stress. Molecular Medicine 21 (1): 109–22.

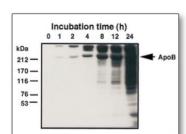
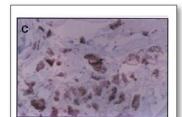


Figure 1: Western Blot analysis of MDA-LDL adduct formation. LDL (0.5 mg) was incubated with 1 mM MDA in 1 ml of 50 mM PBS (pH 7.2) at 37°C. LDL was separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with AA1011 (2 μg/ ml). AA1011 does not react with native LDL apoB, whereas the MDA-modified LDL apoB shows intense immunoreac-

Yamada S et al. (2001) J Lipid Res 42(8):



Immunohistochemistry image of dihydropyridine adduct staining in paraffin section of human atherosclerotic aorta. Endogenous peroxide activity was quenched by incubating the section for 10 min with 3% hydrogen peroxide. The section was incubated with AA1011 and detected using Vectastain ABC kit (Vector Laboratories). 3,3-diaminobenzidine tetrahydrochloride served as the chromogen. Sections were counterstained with hematoxylin. C. AA1011 stains the cytoplasm of most foamy or spindle macrophages. Original magnification:

Yamada S et al. (2001) J Lipid Res 42(8): 1187-96.





Last updated on: 14 April 2022

For research use only

Publishing research using AA1011? Please let us know so that we can cite your publication as a reference.